

# **RT-Pigment 02 Charcoal Gray**

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: RT-Pigment 02 Charcoal Gray

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 1.0
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Manufacturer's Name: Res-Tek, Inc.

Address: 110 Riverside Drive SW Cartersville, GA, 30120 United States of America

Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC 24 hr. 1-800-424-9300 / 1 (703) 527-3887 (Collect calls accepted).

Information Phone Number: 1-888-737-8351 / 1-770-427-4034

Product/Recommended Uses: Industrial Flooring Coloring Agent, Pigments.

### **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) - Category 3

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

### **Pictograms**





#### Signal Word

Warning

### **Hazardous Statements - Health**

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

### **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

### **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| CAS          | Chemical Name               | % By Weight |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 0013463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE            | 50% - 75%   |
| 0000471-34-1 | CALCIUM CARBONATE           | 10% - 25%   |
| 0012227-89-3 | C.I. PIGMENT BLACK 11       | 10% - 20%   |
| 0057455-37-5 | ULTRAMARINE BLUE            | 5% - 10%    |
| 0001308-38-9 | CHROMIUM(III) OXIDE (GREEN) | 5% - 10%    |

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

### **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If exposed/lf you feel unwell/lf concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Take precautions to ensure your own safety (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment).

### **Eye Contact**

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. **Skin Contact** 

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If exposed/If you feel unwell/If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

### **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Fire will produce irritating gases.

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#### **Precautions for Firefighters**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Equipment**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

### **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Protective Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

### SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored All containers must be properly labelled. Do not breathe vapor or mist.

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

### SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Eye protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

#### Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

| Chemical<br>Name     | OSHA Tables<br>(Z1, Z2, Z3) | OSHA<br>Carcinogen | OSHA TWA<br>(ppm) | OSHA TWA<br>(mg/m3) | OSHA STEL<br>(ppm) | OSHA STEL<br>(mg/m3) | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE | 1                           |                    |                   | [15]; [5 (a)];      |                    |                      |                 |                   |

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| CHROMIUM(III)<br>OXIDE (2:3)   | 1                |   |   | 0.5   |   |   |                       | 0.003 (I)                   |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| ULTRAMARINE<br>BLUE            |                  |   |   |   |   |   |                       | 1 (R)                       |
| TITANIUM<br>DIOXIDE            | 1                |   |   | 15  |   |   |                       | 0.2 (R )(Nano),<br>2.5 (R ) |
| Chemical<br>Name               | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)  | ACGIH<br>Carcinogen   | ACGIH<br>TLV Basis  | ACGIH<br>Notations  | OSHA Skin<br>designation  | CAN_ONsmg             | CAN_ONtmg                   |
| CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE           |                  |   |   |   |   |   |                       |                             |
| CHROMIUM(III)<br>OXIDE (GREEN) |                  |   | A4  | Resp tract irr;<br>asthma   | A4; DSEN;<br>RSEN   |   |                       |                             |
| ULTRAMARINE<br>BLUE            |                  |   | A4  | Pneumoconiosi<br>s; LRT irr;<br>neurotoxicity   | A4  |   |                       |                             |
| TITANIUM<br>DIOXIDE            |                  |   | А3  | LRT irr;<br>pneumoconiosi<br>s  |   |   |                       |                             |
| Chemical<br>Name               | CAN_ONsppm       | CAN_ONtppm  | CAN_QCVEMP<br>ppm -<br>CANADA_QUE<br>BEC VALEUR<br>D"EXPOSITIO<br>N MOYENNE<br>PONDÉRÉE_p<br>pm | CAN_QCVEMP<br>mg -<br>CANADA_QUE<br>BEC VALEUR<br>D"EXPOSITIO<br>N MOYENNE<br>PONDÉRÉE_m<br>g | ppm -<br>CANADA_QUE<br>BEC VALEUR<br>D"EXPOSITIO<br>N DE COURTE | CAN_QCVECD<br>mg -<br>CANADA_QUE<br>BEC VALEUR<br>D''''EXPOSITIO<br>N DE COURTE<br>DURÉE_mg | CAN_ALtppm            | CAN_ALtmg                   |
| CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE           |                  |   |   | 10  |   |   |                       |                             |
| CHROMIUM(III)<br>OXIDE (GREEN) |                  |   |   | 0.5   |   |   |                       | 0.5                         |
| ULTRAMARINE<br>BLUE            |                  |   |   |   |   |   |                       |                             |
| TITANIUM<br>DIOXIDE            |                  |   |   | 10  |   |   |                       | 10                          |
| Chemical<br>Name               | CAN_ALsmg        | CAN_AL_Notat ion  | CANtppm   | CANtmg  | CANsppm   | CANsmg  | CAN_AL_Carci<br>nogen | CAN_ALsppm                  |
| CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE           |                  |   |   | 10,5a   |   |   |                       |                             |
| Chemical<br>Name               | CAN_ALsmg        | CAN_AL_Notat ion  | CANtppm   | CANtmg  | CANsppm   | CANsmg  | CAN_AL_Carci<br>nogen | CAN_ALsppm                  |
| CHROMIUM(III)<br>OXIDE (GREEN) |                  | 3: Occupational<br>exposure limit<br>is based on<br>irritation effects<br>and its<br>adjustment to<br>compensate for<br>unusual work<br>schedules is<br>not required. |   |   |   |   | A1                    |                             |
| ULTRAMARINE<br>BLUE            |                  |   |   |   |   |   |                       |                             |
| TITANIUM<br>DIOXIDE            |                  | 3: Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required.                            |   | 10,5a   |   |   |                       |                             |

| Chemical<br>Name              | NIOSH TWA (mg/m3) | NIOSH TWA (ppm) | NIOSH STEL<br>(mg/m3) | NIOSH STEL (ppm) | NIOSH<br>Carcinogen |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE          | 10,5a             |                 |                       |                  |                     |
| CHROMIUM(III)<br>OXIDE (GREEN |                   |                 |                       |                  |                     |
| ULTRAMARINE<br>BLUE           |                   |                 |                       |                  |                     |
| TITANIUM<br>DIOXIDE           |                   | b               |                       |                  | 1                   |

<sup>(</sup>I) - Inhalable fraction, (R) - Respirable fraction, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, DSEN - Dermal sensitization, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, resp - respiratory, RSEN - Respiratory sensitization

### **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Fine GRAY Powder.

Color. GRAY. Odor Odorless. Odor Threshold (ppm) Not available. pH (Value) Not available. Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C) Not available. Boiling point/boiling range (°C): Not available. Flash Point (°C) Not applicable. **Evaporation Rate** Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Contains carbon black which May ignite in air above

315°C. Flash point is above 500°C. Amount is low enough

that there should be no significant risk

Explosive Limit Ranges

Vapour pressure (mmHg)

Vapour Density (Air=1)

Density (g/ml)

Specific Gravity

Not available.

Solubility (Water)

Solubility (Other)

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)

Auto Ignition Point (°C)

Decomposition Temperature (°C)

Dynamic Viscosity (cPs @ 25°C)

Explosive properties

Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidizing.

Other information None.

### **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### Reactivity

No data available.

#### **Chemical Stability**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

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### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

#### **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame and contact with incompatible materials

### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Oxides of carbon.

### **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (dust and mist) exposure to this mixture is >5 mg/l

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation

### Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0013463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m3 respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxide concentrations in the rat's lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m3 level are not relevant to the workplace. Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to Titanium Dioxide were at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to Titanium dioxide. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no association was observed between Titanium dioxide exposure and chronic respiratory disease or x-ray abnormalities. Based on the results of this study DuPont concludes that titanium dioxide will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.

0013463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LC50 (inhalation, Rat): >5.09 mg/L; 4-hr exposure

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

No mortality observed at this dose.

LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

### **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

### **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

### **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **Waste Disposal**

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

### **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

| Display Order  | U.S. DOT Information | IMDG Information  | IATA Information  |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| UN Number  | Not Regulated        | Not Regulated     | Not Regulated     |
| UN proper shipping name  | N/A                  | N/A               | N/A               |
| Transport Hazard class(es)   | Not Applicable       | Not Applicable    | Not Applicable    |
| Packing group  | Not Applicable       | Not Applicable    | Not Applicable    |
| Hazardous substance (RQ)   | Not Applicable       | Not Applicable    | Not Applicable    |
| Environmental hazards  | No Data Available    | No Data Available | No Data Available |
| Special precautions for user                                       | No Data Available    | No Data Available | No Data Available |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code | No Data Available    | No Data Available | No Data Available |

### **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

| CAS          | Chemical Name    | % By Weight | Regulation List  |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| 0013463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE | 50% - 75%   | DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), PA_HAZ - Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List, CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65, Canada_ON_419, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS |

| 0000471-34-1 | CALCIUM CARBONATE           | 10% - 25% | DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS  |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---|
| 0012227-89-3 | C.I. PIGMENT BLACK 11       | 10% - 20% | DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule  |
| 0057455-37-5 | ULTRAMARINE BLUE            | 5% - 10%  | DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS  |
| 0001308-38-9 | CHROMIUM(III) OXIDE (GREEN) | 5% - 10%  | SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), PA_HAZ - Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List, Canada_ON_419, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, MA_RightToKnow_Carcinogens - Massachusetts Right to Know POSES A RISK OF CANCER IN HUMANS , MA_RightToKnow_Hazardous - Massachusetts Right to Know SUBSTANCES THAT HAVE A LOW LETHAL DOSE (LD50) OR ARE DESIGNATED CARCINOGENS, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS |

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium Dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to <a href="https://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.

### **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

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